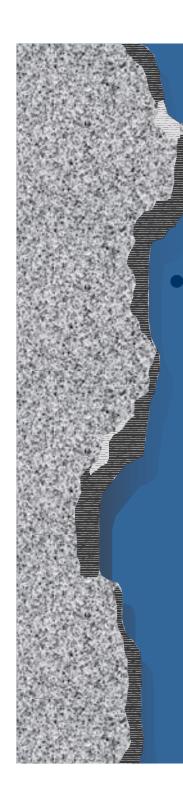


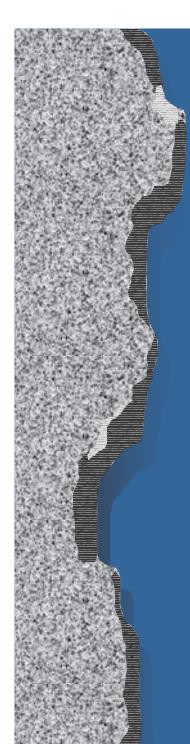
Return on Investment from a Software Measurement Program

George E. Stark 21 July 1997

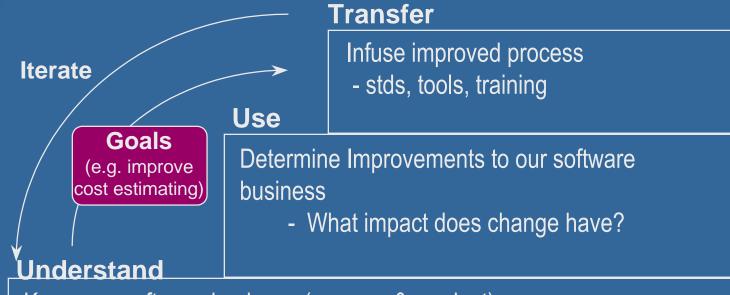


Background

- Organization Became Responsible for Software Maintenance in Nov. 1994
 - Reorganized Software Maintenance Process
 - From: Several Level-of-Effort Programs
 - To: Single Organization tasked by Release
 - Conducted SEI System Acquisition Maturity Model (SAMM)
 Assessment
 - Improve Planning & Estimation
 - Improve Configuration Management
 - Improve Release Execution



MWSSS Software Measurement Strategy



Know <u>our</u> software business (process & product)

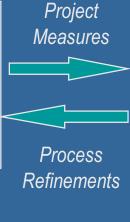
- How do we do business today? (e.g., OIs and languages used, % time in test, CSCI size)
- What are our product characteristics (e.g., cost, complexity, reliability)

The MWSSS Organization

SW Maintainers (Source of Experience)

Staff 30-50
Avg Project Size 10 SCFs
Active Projects 7
Total Projects 34
(FY94-FY96)

Product & Process Data



Process Analysts (Package Experience)

Staff 0.5

Function

set goals/questions/metrics analysis/research refine software process produce reports

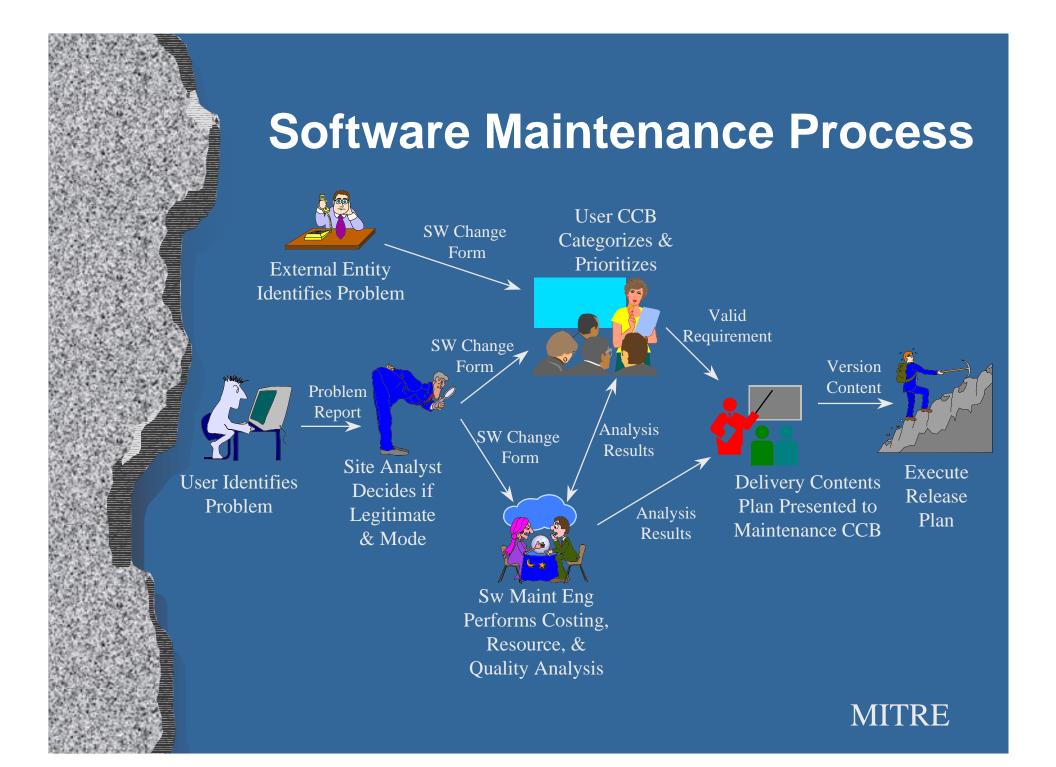
Products

5 reports

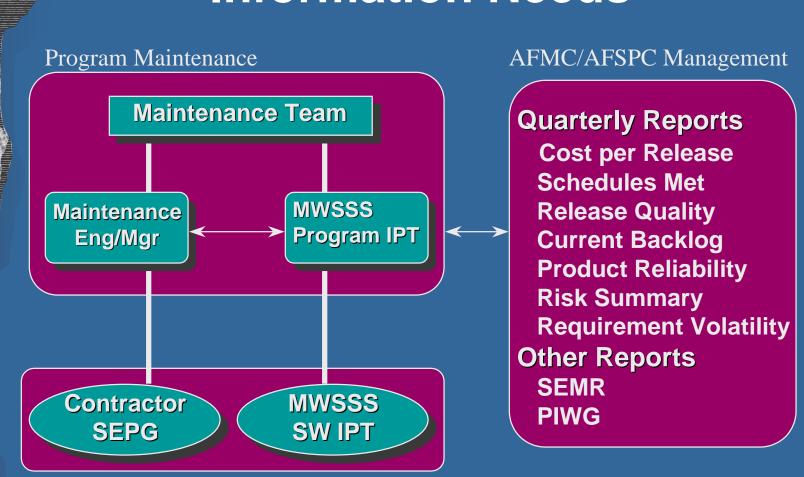


Decision Analysis

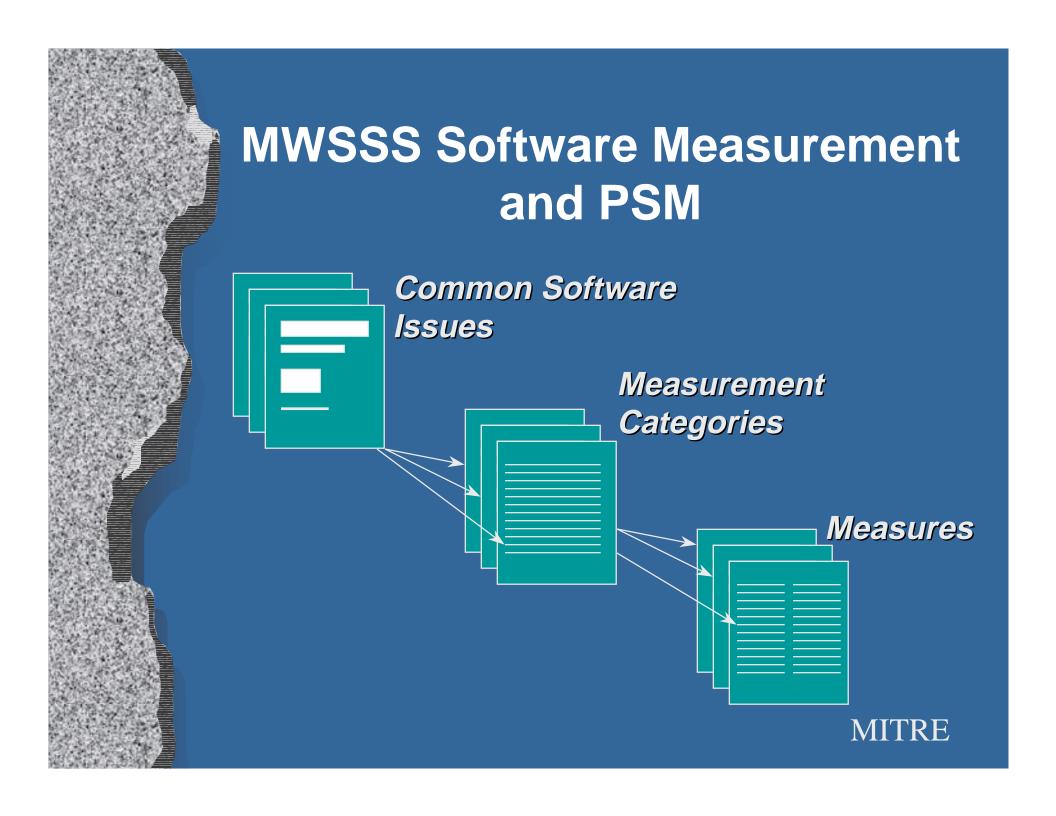
Maintain Experience Information (e.g., Tools, Environment, Staff, Documents, Schedules, Risks)



MWSSS Software Measurement Information Needs



MITRE



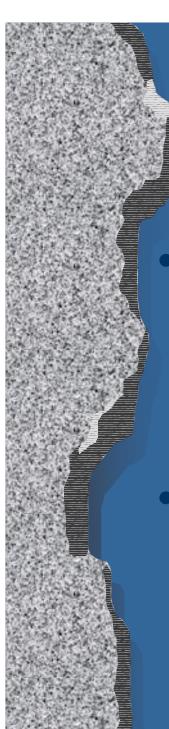
MWSSS Issues vs PSM Issues

MWSSS	Cost	Schedule	Reqmnt Volatility	Product Quality	Workload
Schedule & Progress		Х			
Resources & Cost	X				
Growth & Stability			Х		
Product Quality				X	
Development Performance					X
Technical Adequacy					

MITRE

MWSSS Issues and Measures

Issue	Measurement Category	Measure(s)		
Cost	Cost Performance	Cost per Release Monthly Budget vs Actual		
Schedule	Schedule Performance	% Schedules Met % Milestones Met		
Reqmt Volatility	Rework	% Reqmts Changed after Plan % Invalid Change Requests		
Product Quality	Defect Profile	Sw Reliability (failures/1000 hr) Defects per Test Period Sw Maintainability		
Workload	Product Size & Stability Target Resource Utilization Process Capability	Change Request Backlog Number of Changes by Type % CPU, Memory, Disk, other Change Request Cycle Time "Complexity"		



Cost of Implementation

- 96K first year (FY95)
 - Strategy development
 - Goal/Question/Metric Paradigm implementation
 - Proof-of-Concepts: data collection, analysis, and reports
 - Tool and Guidebook development
 - "High Visibility" uses and process integration
- 50K second year (FY96)
 - Formalize data collection and spreadsheet repository
 - Train engineers and project managers
 - Review measures



	Releases	SCFs Delivered	Average Cost (K\$)	Priority Cycle Time (days)	Percent Releases on Schedule	Quality (OT&E Defects per Change)
FY94	8	98	unknown	90	0	unknown
FY95	17	139	\$380	120	20	0.04
FY96	13	133	\$359	135	61	0.06

FY94 data from previous organization. Fewer releases in FY96 because one system "frozen." Average cost is 21K per release lower. Priority cycle time increase due to one product and process rigor.

What Costs were Considered? SW Maintenance Cost by Activity Finance Config Mgt □ QA Security Sys Eng Admin Sys Mgt ■ Travel Proj Mgt ■ Hw M&O Sw Dev

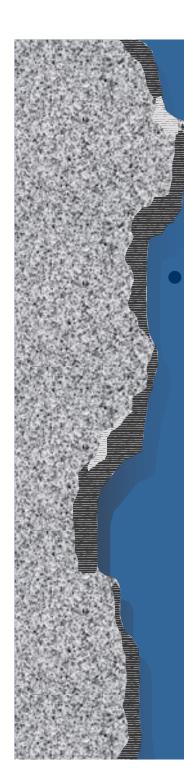
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Cost Avoidance Results





 7,500 staff-hour cost avoidance = \$500K using historical metrics for release cost negotiation



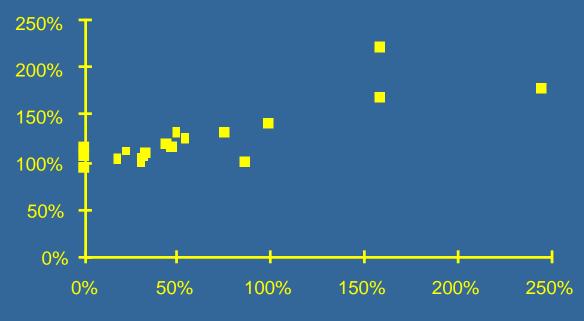
Cost Avoidance (Continued)

- Requirement Volatility Identified as Major Cost Driver
 - Few releases meeting schedule commitments
 - One release contained seven release plans
 - 250% Requirement Change
 - Original plan contained 10 requirements
 - Actual delivery had 18 requirements
 - "Middle" versions had some deletes, some scope changes
 - 25 total requirement changes during release
 - \$90,000 over budget, Delivered Seven months late, Three OT&E Defects

Schedule Impact of Requirements Changes

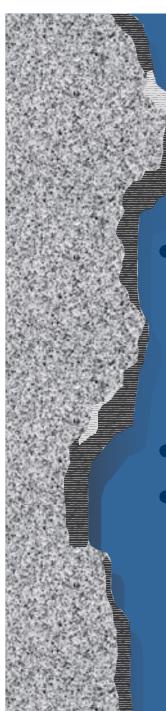
Schedule vs Requirements Volatility

Percent of Planned Schedule



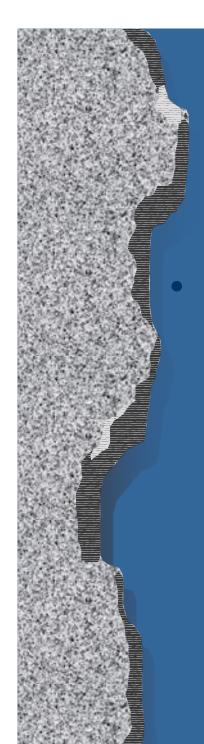
SQRT(Percent of Requirements Changes)

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Cost Avoidance (continued)

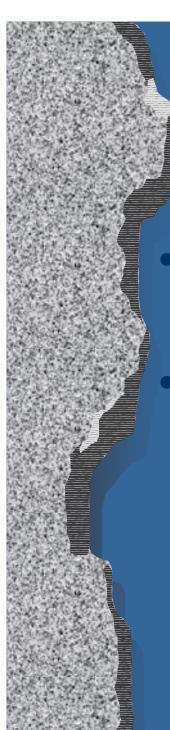
- Customer requested change in release content for two releases. Used historical metrics to estimate cost & schedule impact
 - Release 1: \$60K cost with 16 day schedule slip
 - Release 2: \$50K cost with 12 day schedule slip
- Customer decided to include changes in next release
- Total Cost Avoidance = \$500K + \$60K + \$50K = \$610,000



ROI Results & Calculation

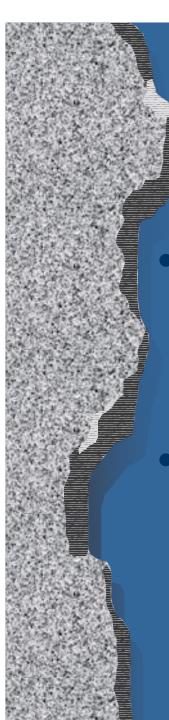
- Over 2 years, the MWSSS measurement program has returned
 - 187% of its investment in lower software release costs
 - 418% of its investment by helping avoid costs we would have accepted in the past

$$ROI_1 = \frac{Total \, Savings}{Investment} = \frac{273 \, K}{146 \, K}$$
 $ROI_2 = \frac{Total \, Avoidance}{Investment} = \frac{610 \, K}{146 \, K}$



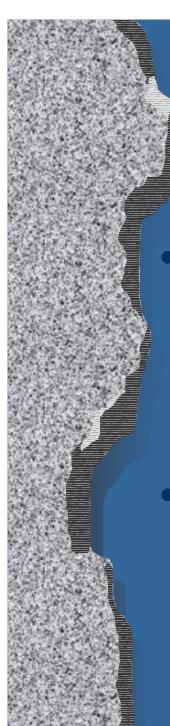
Software Measurement Products

- Measurement Guidebook
 - Training for Engineers and Project Managers (need more)
 - Quarterly Analysis since Q1 FY95
- Tool Needs & Identification
 - LOCOMO (logistics cost modeler from Sacramento ALC)
 - PC-metric (maintainability evaluation tool)
 - CASRE (Sw Reliability tool)
 - DELCOMP (Release "complexity" tool)
 - Excel (Data Repository and Analysis tool)



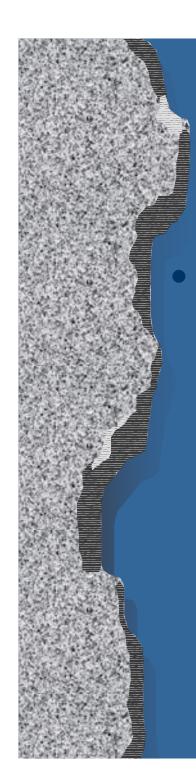
Software Measurement Products

- Special Analysis Reports
 - Release Cost Analysis
 - "Complexity" Metric Definition and Analysis Report
 - Macro & Micro Requirement Volatility Analyses
 - Release Progress and Code Evaluation Reports
- Process Improvement Reports
 - Maintenance Configuration Control Board Measures
 - Program Management Review Reports
 - Release Planning Guide (draft)
 - Maintenance Process Comparison Study



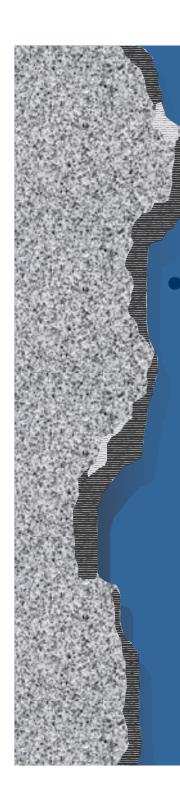
Key Impacts

- Measurement data has allowed us to perform analysis never before possible
 - Communicate more clearly with customers
 - Understand our own process
 - Build models to answer "what-if" questions
 - Substantiate cost avoidance measures
- Reduce time to answer recurring questions about software releases and specific changes



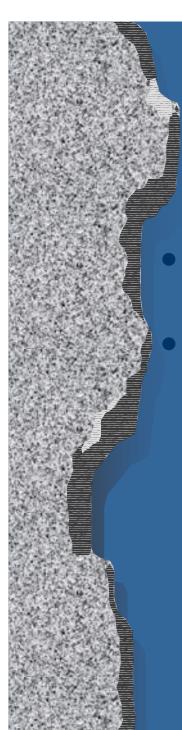
Overall Status

- Measurement program is now an integral part of software management processes
 - Requirement validation
 - Release and change costing
 - Release planning and approval
 - Project monitoring



Summary

- The measurement program has more than paid for itself inside MWSSS
 - Long-term maintenance requires formal planning and explicit management
 - A simple costing approach and reliability history are valuable tools for planning
 - The cost of implementing a maintenance measurement program is low



Further Information

- A previous version of this paper is available at
 - http://members.aol.com/GEShome
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