Measuring End-User Satisfaction and **Mission Impact**

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U.S. Customs and **Border Protection**



Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Office of Information & Technology (OIT)

CBP is part of the Department of Homeland Security

- Legacy U. S. Customs
- Legacy Immigration and Naturalization Service
- Legacy Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service
- Legacy U. S. Border Patrol

OIT develops and maintains software that supports controlling the borders of the United States

- Enforcement software and tariff collection software for items and people entering the US
- Enforcement software for items leaving the US





2



Objective

This presentation discusses how to use Customer Satisfaction Surveys to drive improvements

The presentation is in two parts:

- Why Customer Satisfaction Surveys are important
- Our experience in administering a survey of the Customs and Border Protection Office of Information Technology



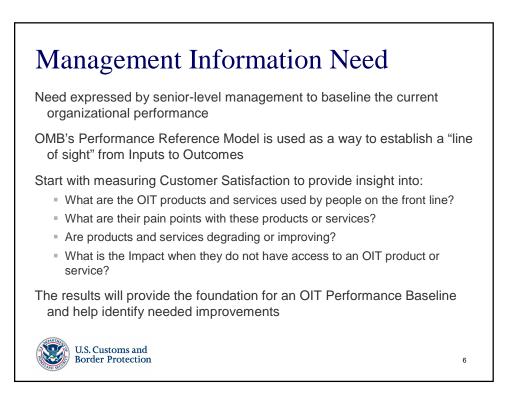
Why do surveys?

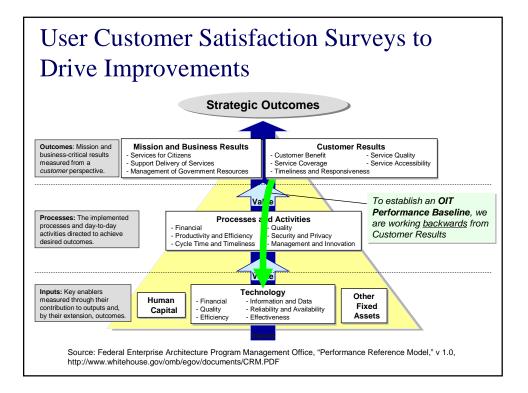
Customer Satisfaction Surveys can be valuable in

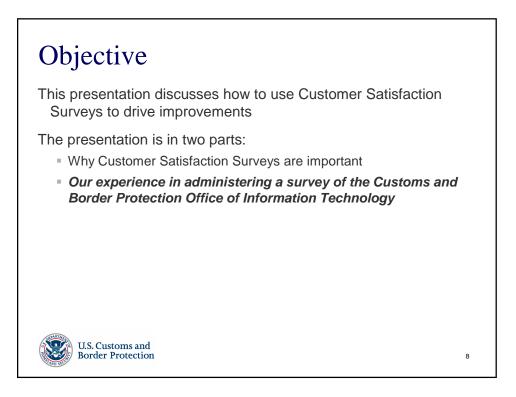
- Establishing a performance baseline for products and services
- Identifying and validating end-user problems and needed improvements
- Communicating end-user problems to senior managers
- Initiating dialogues to guide improvement actions, including process improvements
- Showcasing the benefits of measurement at all management levels

5









The Surveys

We developed two surveys, one for *software applications*, another for *services*

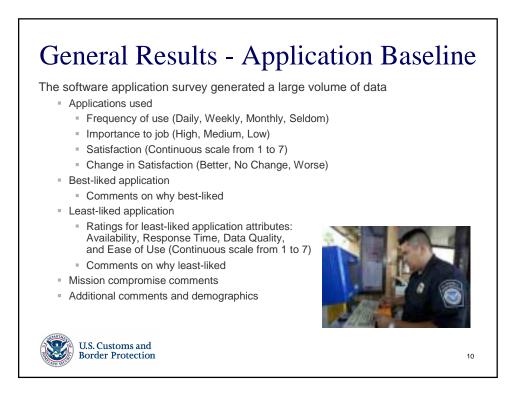
- Surveys hosted on the CBP intranet (html pages, Access database)
- Surveys announced via the CBP intranet and via email from the Assistant Commissioner (CIO)
- Survey questions focused on identifying specific problems

Captured data to determine scope & locus of problem:

- Applications used or services used
- Common problems
- Unique to one or a few locations (e.g., Container Security Initiative ports)
- Unique to one user group (e.g., Border Patrol, legacy Immigration and Naturalization Service, etc.)
- Respondent demographics
- Mostly subjective ratings, but richest information contained in text comments

9

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General Results (Applications), continued

Application Survey Period: February 15 through March 11, 2005 Audience: all border-facing CBP staff at all CBP ports worldwide

Received responses on more than 60 applications

2404 Responses from:

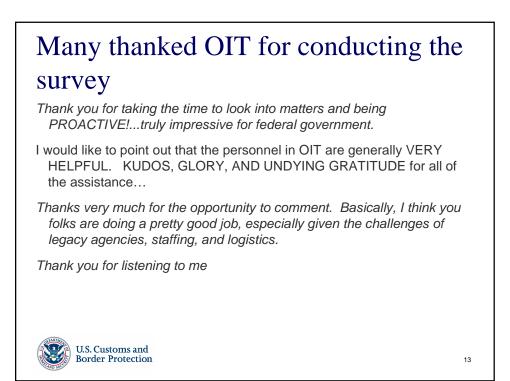
- 42 states & District of Columbia (Most: Texas, with 341 responses)
- 3 U.S. commonwealths/territories (Most: Puerto Rico, with 20 responses)

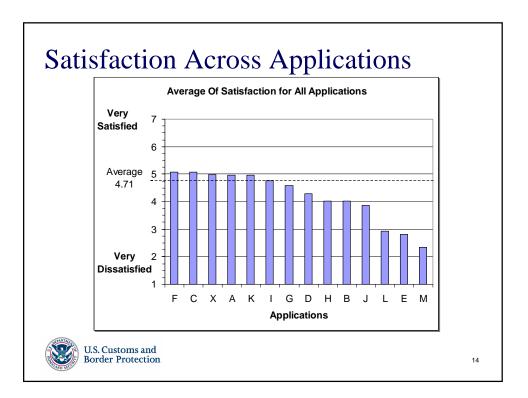
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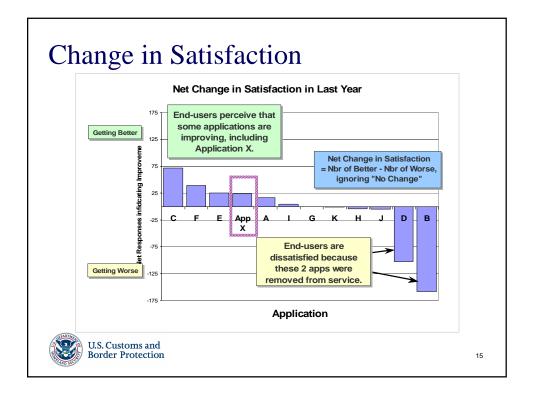
- 9 countries (Most: Canada, with 23 responses)
- 381 ports (Most: Blaine, WA, with 75 responses)

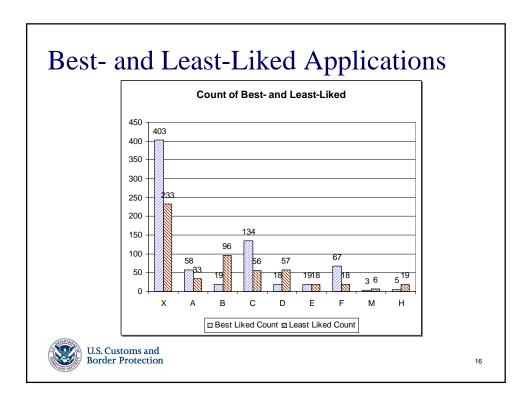


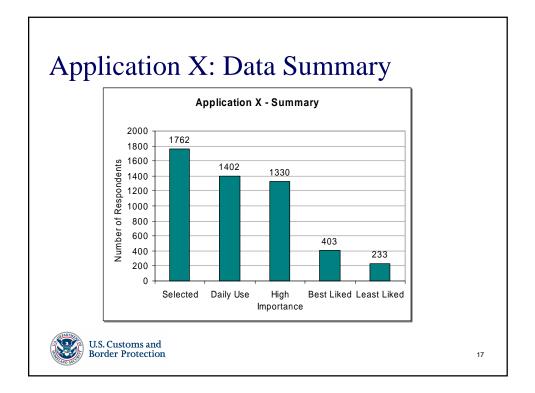
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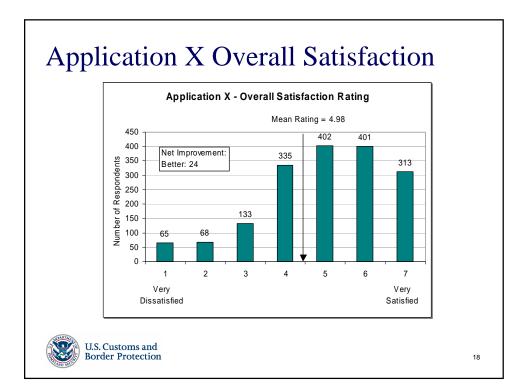












Occupation		Overall Satisfaction						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Number
CBP Officer	3%	3%	7%	17%	22%	26%	20%	940
Other	4%	3%	7%	22%	25%	20%	16%	216
mmigration Inspector	2%	6%	2%	16%	26%	27%	18%	125
Import Specialist	3%	5%	7%	23%	31%	13%	15%	113
Border Patrol Agent	12%	10%	11%	24%	21%	8%	9%	97
Agriculture Specialist	6%	3%	10%	28%	19%	17%	10%	78
Inspector	0%	8%	8%	13%	19%	29%	21%	48

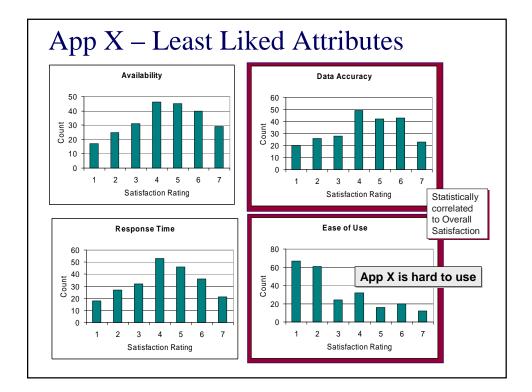
App X – Best Liked Comments

"I use it every day and it works. The #1 system of the CBP Officer."

"It's proved to be accurate and reliable."

"It is very helpful to our mission; without it our job would be very difficult."





App X – Least Liked Comments

Example comment:

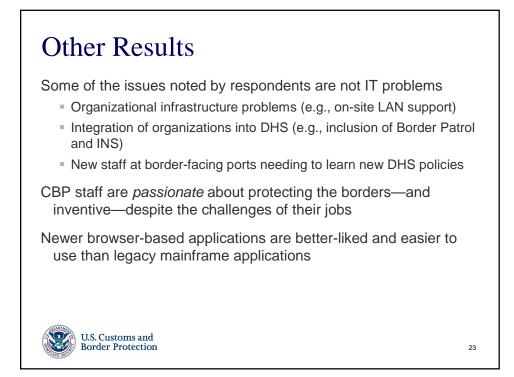
"The concept of the system, and the actual data provided are IRREPLACEABLE, but the system needs to be updated to a simpler, windows-like, menu-driven format, that is ergonomic, intuitive, etc."

Range of Comments:

- Ease of use
- Mission impact
- Data
- Training
- Policies, etc.







Actions

We briefed the CIO and his direct reports on 12 May 2005

We were directed to brief each Program Office.

- Provide detailed results
- Work with each Program Manager to analyze the data

By the end of August, each <u>Program Manager will brief the CIO</u> on actions they are taking to address the issues raised in the survey

Briefings outside of OIT to CBP management will follow Program Manager briefs to CIO

Repeat the surveys in 18 to 24 months to re-assess satisfaction



24

Key Lessons Learned: Survey Design

Literature on customer surveys focuses on increasing market share and retaining customers – Our focus was on satisfaction as it relates to accomplishing the CBP mission

We agonized over what to ask and how to ask it

- 59 applications and only 10-15 minutes for taking the survey
- We missed some things anyway, but applied the lessons learned to the second survey
- Done well, surveys aren't easy

Important to characterize the respondents to focus actions where needed

Important to gather information on the positives - not just the negatives.

Need to capture enough detail to take action. Comments are important for understanding issues and the actions to take.

25

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