Please use Slides #2-7 for your introductions and slides #8-13 for your outbrief on Friday, 18 July

PSM 1 July 2008

Practical Software and Systems Measurement

A foundation for objective project management



Measuring in Services Mgt Tuesday, July 15th Beth Layman PSM Users Group Conference

14-18 July 2008

Mystic, Connecticut

PSM 2 July 2008

Measuring in Services Management

- Service Management
 - Focus on ongoing IT service operations day-today activities (vs. projects)
 - Involves the operation of hardware, software, applications, data, and networks needed to run the business
- Industry models: ITIL, ISO/IEC 20000, eSCM-SP, COBIT, eTOM, and SMBOK
 - Process Areas we'll focus on Event, Incident, Problem, Release, Change Mgt; Request Fulfillment, Service Desk, Capacity Management
- Measurement is key to effective management

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Objectives of the Workshop

- Begin to examine the proper use of measurement in service management/service operations
- Develop a preliminary list of common information needs and potential measures that are useful in this domain
- Provide lessons learned, barriers, data quality issues, best practices, how to establish baselines, etc.
- Provide examples of good practice

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Workshop Agenda

1:30 – 2:00	Introductions – Participant Analysis -Your role in Ops, models your shop uses, maturity of shop	
2:00 – 2:30	Review of ITIL process areas of focus -Mapping to org structures, technology	
2:30 – 3:00	Common issues & information needs in ops shops -brainstorming & discussion	
3:30 – 4:00	Available examples of measures to meet needs -Show-and-tell; best practices	
4:00 - 5:00	Drafting of ICM entries/measurement specs -break outs	

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Workshop Background

- PSM history in this area
- Where we're heading
- Issues, questions, and topics

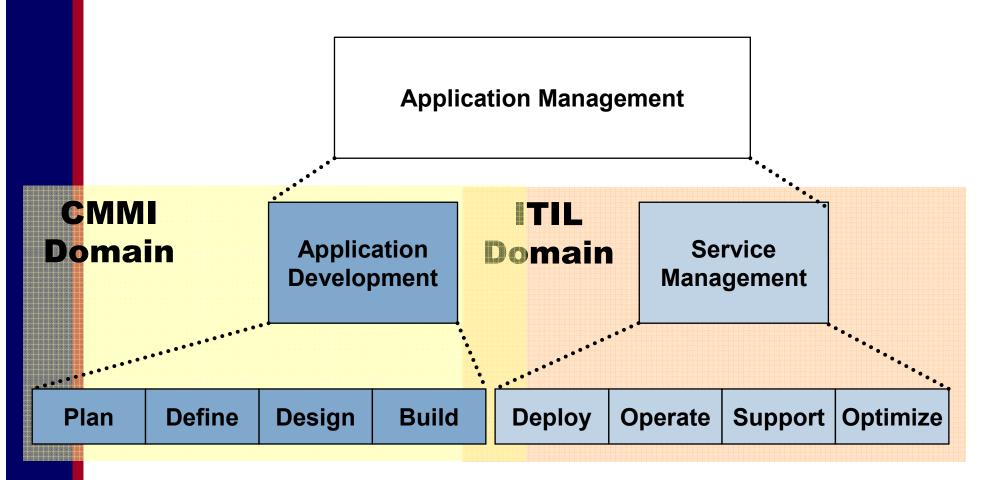
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Intended Output

- Drafted ICM table
- Recommendations/plans for continued evolution

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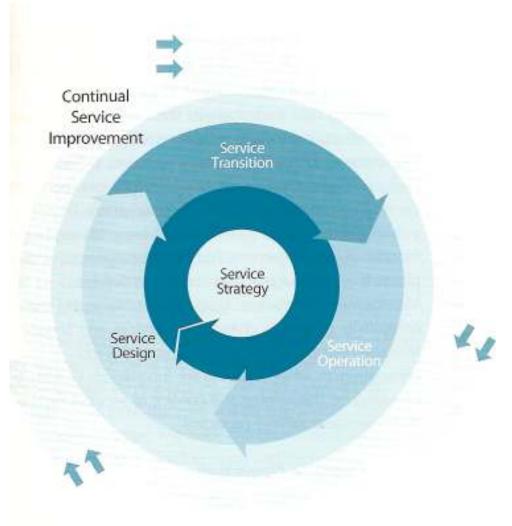
Service Management in Context



Source: ITIL: Application Management (2002, p.7)

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IT Infrastructure Library (ITIL)



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Initial PSM-ITIL Areas of focus

Units of Work

- Change Management (Transition)
- Incident & Problem Management (Ops)
- Request Fulfillment (Ops)
- Event Management (Ops)

Capacity Management (Design)

- Personnel
- Hardware, SW, Network, etc.

Looking at these areas as a starting point will help with SLM

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Change Management

- Change Request (RFC): A formal proposal for a change to be made.
 - Examples: Push application release into production, fix a production problem
 - An implementation of new functionality
 - Any repair to an interruption of service
 - Any repair of existing functionality
 - Any removal of existing functionality
 - Change Advisory Board (CAB)
 - Issues: Unauthorized changes, unsuccessful changes, emergency changes
 - Considerations: Risk of making the change, Relationship to other activities, Return expected if change is made

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Incident/Problem Management

- Incident: Any unplanned interruption to an IT service or reduction in the quality of the service
- Problem: The CAUSE of one or more incidents
 - Reporting Sources
 - Categories
 - Urgency, Prioritization, Impact
 - SLA timescales
 - Incident: Problem relationship
 - Status
 - Resolution (and Satisfaction with)

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Request Fulfillment

- Request: Demands placed on IT by the users (Help Desk/Service Desk)
 - Give access to user, install SW, move a PC
 - These things can and should be planned (vs. incident)
 - When needed

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Event Management

- Event: Any detectable occurrence that might cause a deviation to service
 - Categories:
 - Normal Events: Scheduled operation starts, completes; user logs into an application,
 - Exception Events: Smoke, fire, license violation, security (intrusion detection), application failure, poor server performance
- Significance Categorization
 - Informational, Warning, Exception
- Event Response

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Capacity Management (HW/SW)

- Monitoring performance, utilization patterns, and throughput
- Levels, layers, and relationships are important
 - Business: Number of orders processed
 - Service: Transaction rates/response times
 - Component: Network link performance

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Capacity Management (People)

- Workload -> Resource relationship
- Issues: Not enough personnel to meet SLA targets, given current/projected workloads

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Insights Needed

- Monitor and Control Operations
 - (SLA) targets being met
- Stability of Operations
- Predicting Future Needs
 - e.g., Volumes = Workforce
- Improvements over time

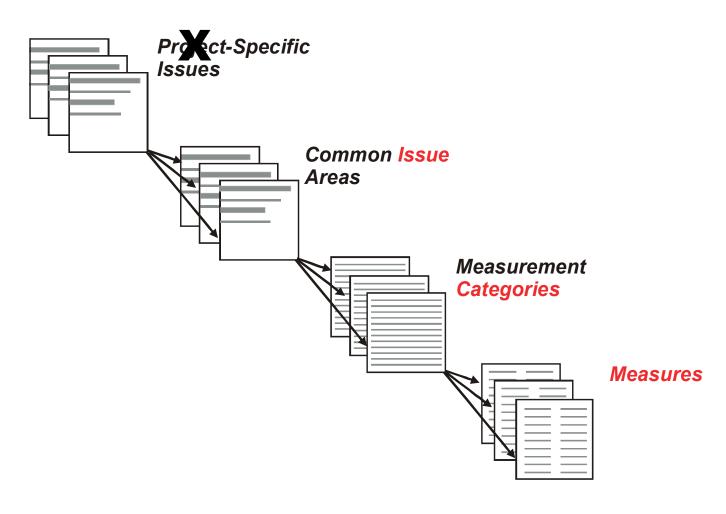
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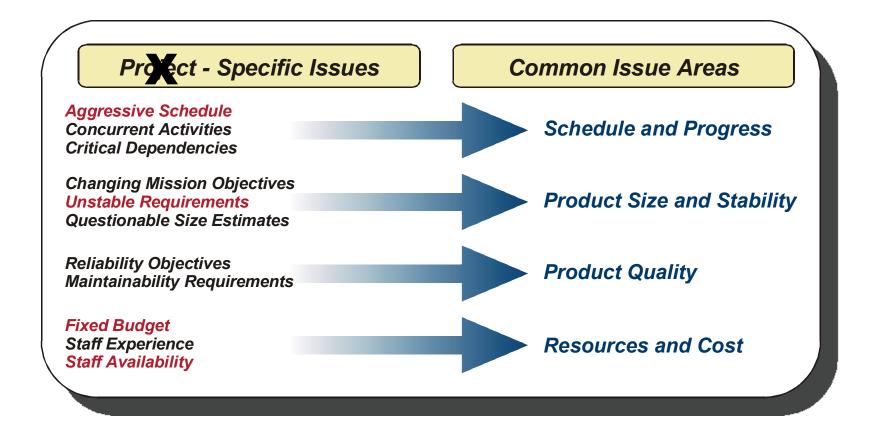
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Thinking about an ICM Table



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Practical Software and Systems Measurement Issue Mapping



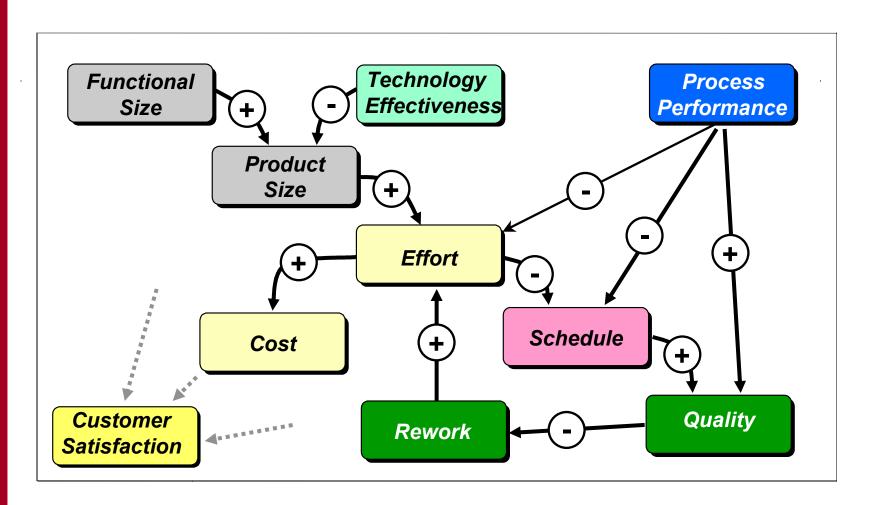
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Existing PSM – Related Areas



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PSM Mapping of Issues, Categories, and Measures

Issue - Category - Measure Mapping			
Common Issue Area	Measurement Category	Measures	
Schedule and Progress	Milestone Performance Work Unit Progress Incremental Capability	Milestone Dates Critical Path Performance Requirements Status Problem Report Status Review Status Change Request Status Component Status Test Status Action Item Status Increment Content - Component Increment Content - Functionality	
Resources and Cost	Personnel Financial Performance Environment and Support Resources	Effort Staff Experience Staff Turnover Earned Value Cost Resource Availability Resource Utilization	
Product Size and Stability Physical Size and Stability Functional Size and Stability		Database Size Components Interfaces Lines of Code Physical Dimensions Requirements Functional Change Workload Function Points	

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Mapping
of Issues,
Categories,
and
Measures
(cont)

Issue - Category - Measure Mapping			
Common Issue Area	Measurement Category	Measures	
Product Quality	Functional Correctness Supportability Efficiency Portability Usability Dependability	Defects Technical Performance Time to Restore Cyclomatic Complexity Maintenance Actions Utilization Throughput Timing Standards Compliance Operator Errors Failures Fault Tolerance	
Process Performance	Process Compliance Process Efficiency Process Effectiveness	Reference Model Rating Process Audit Findings Productivity Cycle Time Escapes Rework	
Technology Effectiveness	Technology Suitability Impact Technology Volatility	Requirements Coverage Technology Impact Baseline Changes	
Customer Satisfaction	Customer Feedback Customer Support	Survey Results Performance Rating Requests for Support Support Time	

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Some examples-1

			Impact	
		High	Medium	Low
ncy	High	Priority: Severity 1 Response Time: 30 min. Target Resolution Time: 2 hrs.	Priority: Severity 1 Response Time: 30 min. Target Resolution Time: 2 hrs.	Priority: Severity 2 Response Time: 60 min. Target Resolution Time: 8 hrs.
Urgency	Low	Priority: Severity 1 Response Time: 30 min. Target Resolution Time: 2 hrs.	Priority: Severity 2 Response Time: 60 min. Target Resolution Time: 8 hrs.	Priority: Severity 3 Response Time: 24 hours Target Resolution Time: Best Effort

Urgency	Description	
	Ask the question:	Can The User Work?
High	 Critical Server Outage Network Outage Key Application Outage Critical User 	No
Medium	 Non-critical Server Outage Non-essential Application Outage Reduced performance of critical system or network. 	Yes, with some issues
Low	 No Outage Workaround Available Support Services (installs, office moves, etc.) 	Yes, with no issues or a known error
Impact	Description	
High	> 5 incidents on same issue> 5 people affectedCritical User	
Low	< 5 incidents on same issue< 5 people affected	

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Some examples-2

Change Acceptance Rate

- Number of RFCs submitted/rejected
 - *H igh* > 99%
 - A ccept ≥ 95% ≤ 99%
 - Low < 95%

Incidents attributed to Changes

• Number of Incidents/problems resulting from an implemented RFC Service Desk is Single Point Of Contact for Customer Incidents (Total Volume)

• H igh > 95%

• A ccept > 70% ≤ 95%

• *L* ow ≤ 70%

Percentage Resolved - 1st Call

Percentage Incidents Escalated

Restore Normal Service 1st Call Avg. Time (Aging)

Number of System Outages Due to Out of Space Condition

All systems maintain at least 10% free capacity at all times

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Workshop Title

PSM 27 July 2008

Workshop Participants

PSM 28 July 2008

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Conclusions, Recommendations, and Results

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Next Steps/Action Items

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